NEXTGENERATION LEARNING



2016 ANNUAL MEETING

March 12-18 Seattle, Washington



ACCME/Disclosures

The USCAP requires that anyone in a position to influence or control the content of CME disclose any relevant financial relationship WITH COMMERCIAL INTERESTS which they or their spouse/partner have, or have had, within the past 12 months, which relates to the content of this educational activity and creates a conflict of interest.

Dr. Arnold declares she has no conflict(s) of interest to disclose.





Respondents:

- 1.GIPS=88; Twitter=11
- 2.Academics = 63 (64%)
- 3. Reliable access to EMR = 78 (79%)
- 4. Resins never reported on the requisition = 75 (76%)
- 5. "Clinicians are clueless" = 1

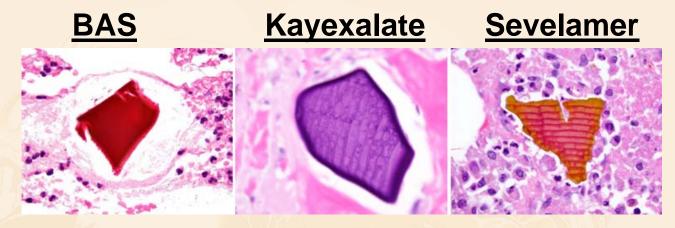


Why are Resins Important?

- 1.Recent developments
- 2. Diagnostic accuracy
- 3. Potentially save lives
- 4. Resins are important clues to other diagnoses



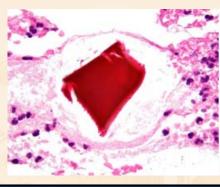
Grade = D: Room to Grow

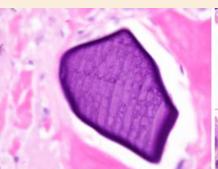


- Did not recognize= 12 (12%)
- Incorrect= 12 (12%)
- Correct= 68 (69%)



Resins at a Glance



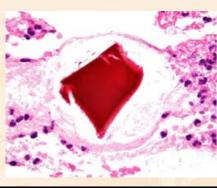


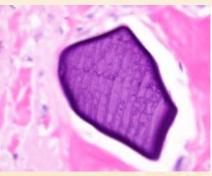


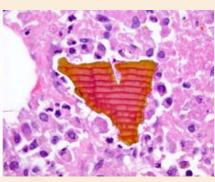
Key Features	Bile Acid Sequestrants (BAS)
Trademark	Many
Target ion	Bile acids
Clinical history	Diarrhea
Mucosal injury	No
Fish-scales	None
H&E	Bright orange to black
AFB	Dull yellow



Resins at a Glance

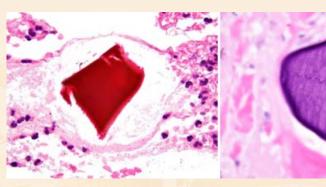


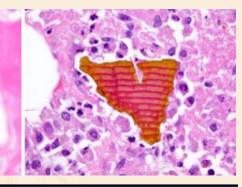




Key Features	Bile Acid Sequestrants	strants Sodium Polystyrene	
	(BAS)	Sulfonate	
Trademark	Many	Kayexalate®	
Target ion	Bile acids	Potassium	
Clinical history	Diarrhea	Chronic renal failure	
Mucosal injury	No	Yes	
Fish-scales	None	Yes	
H&E	Bright orange to black	Purple	
AFB	Dull yellow	Black	

Resins at a Glance

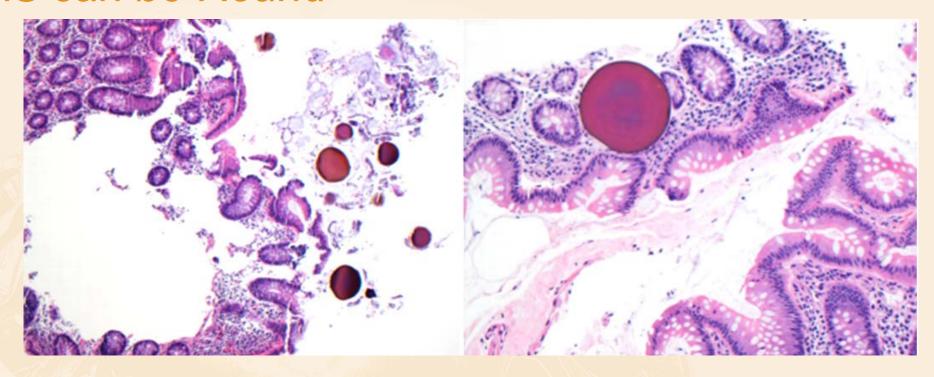




Key Features	Bile Acid Sequestrants (BAS)	Sodium Polystyrene Sulfonate	Sevelamer
Trademark	Many	Kayexalate®	Renagel® Renvela®
Target ion	Bile acids	Potassium	Phosphate
Clinical history	Diarrhea	Chronic renal failure	Chronic renal failure
Mucosal injury	No	Yes	Possible
Fish-scales	None	Yes	Yes
H&E	Bright orange to black	Purple	2-toned pink/yellow
AFB	Dull yellow	Black	Magenta



Dirty Little Secret #1: BAS can be Round

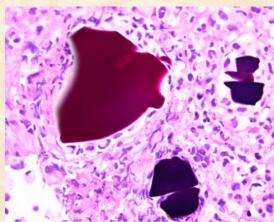


Gonzalez RS, Schwartz DA, Shi C. Colestipol granules in the colon: macroscopic and microscopic findings. Histopathology. 2015 Jul;67(1):141-2.



Dirty Little Secret #2: Beware the Many, Many, Many BAS

Colesevelam (Welchol®)



Colestid®)

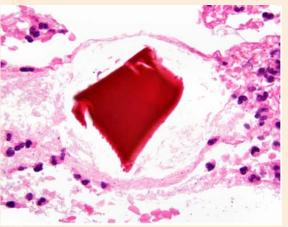


Cholestyramine

(LoCholest®

Prevalite®

Questran®)



Dirty Little Secret #3: Sevelamer-Colitis can Present as a Pseudotumor



Okwara C, Choi C, Park JY. Sevelamer-Induced Colitis Presenting as a Pseudotumor. Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol. 2015 Jul;13(7):A39-40.

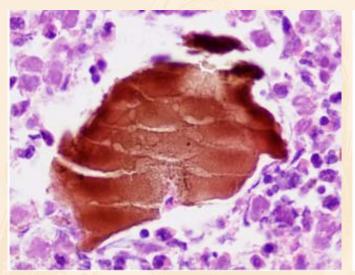


Dirty Little Secret #4: Resin Colors are (Sometimes) Over-Rated

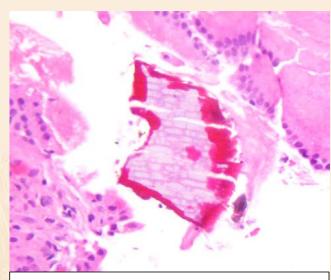




Sevelamer can Appear Brown, Red, or Purple

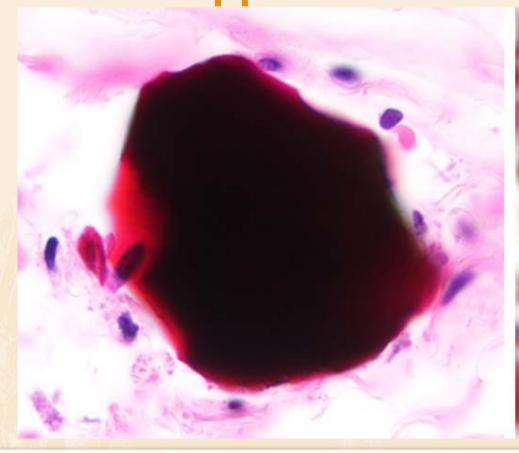


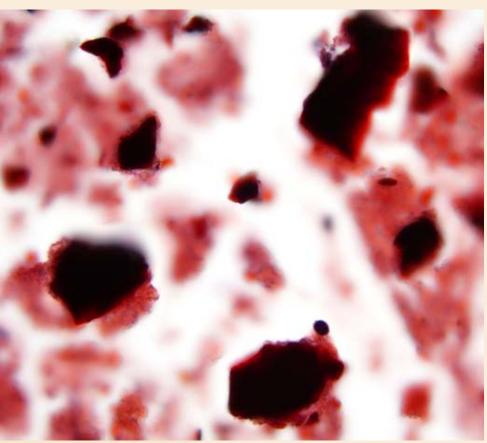




Courtesy of Dr. Stephen M. Lagana

BAS can Appear Black





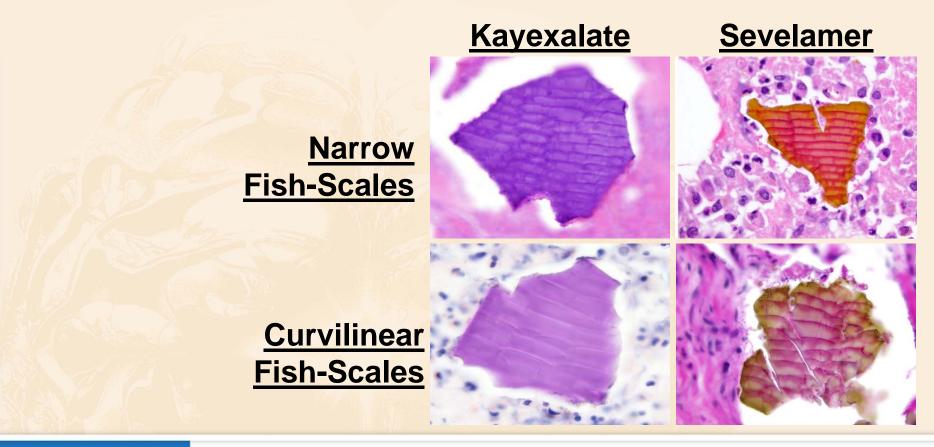


Dirty Little Secret #5: Fish-Scales are (Sometimes) Over-Rated



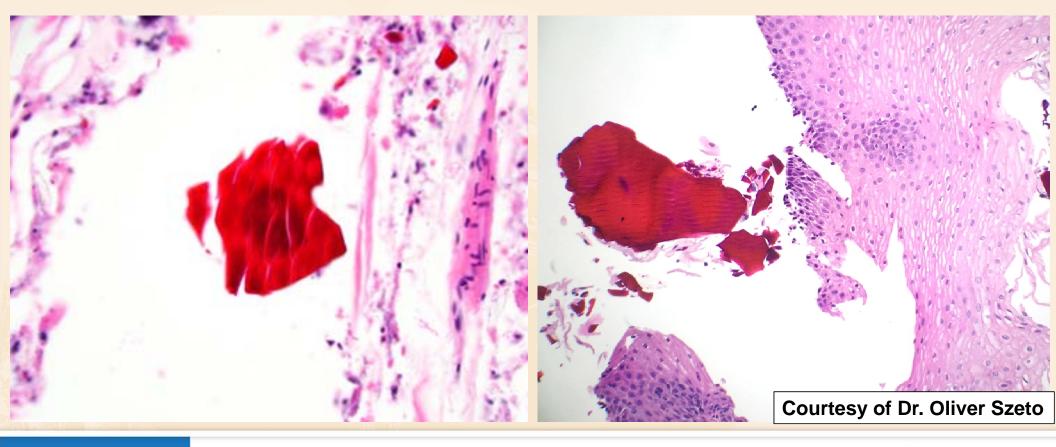


Fish-Scales can be Curvilinear or Straight





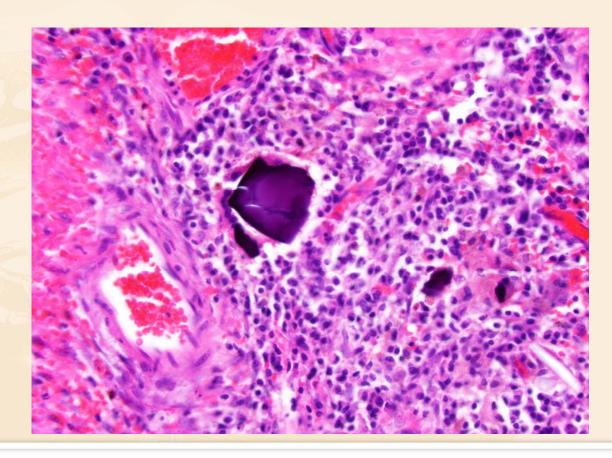
BAS can have Fish-Scales







Kayexalate can lack Fish-Scales

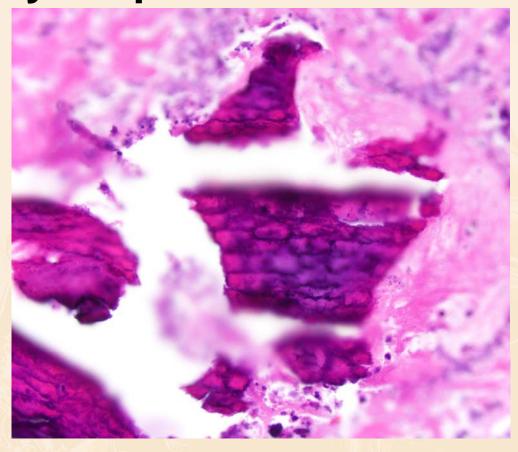






Dystrophic Calcifications

Calculi





???



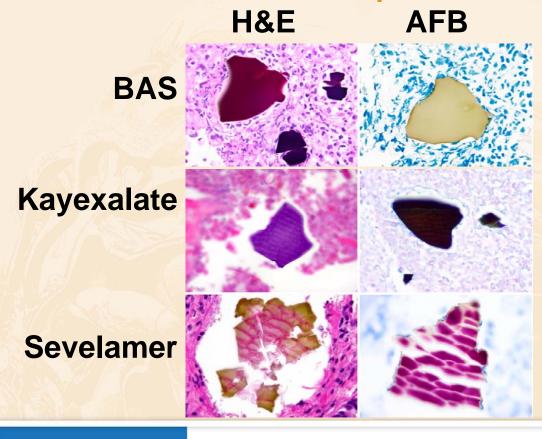


Dirty Little Secret #6: "Doubles" Happen



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Dirty Little Secret #7: AFB Most Useful Special Stain





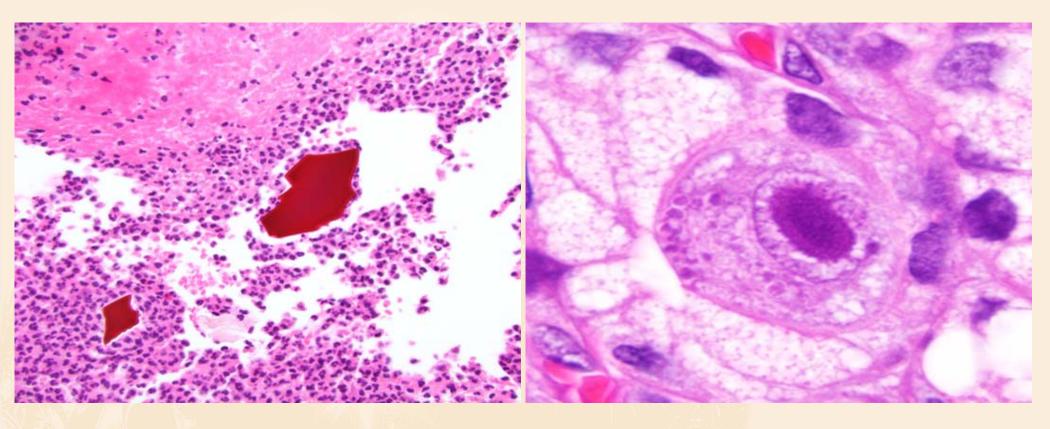
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Dirty Little Secret #8: Resins are Important Clues to other Diagnoses

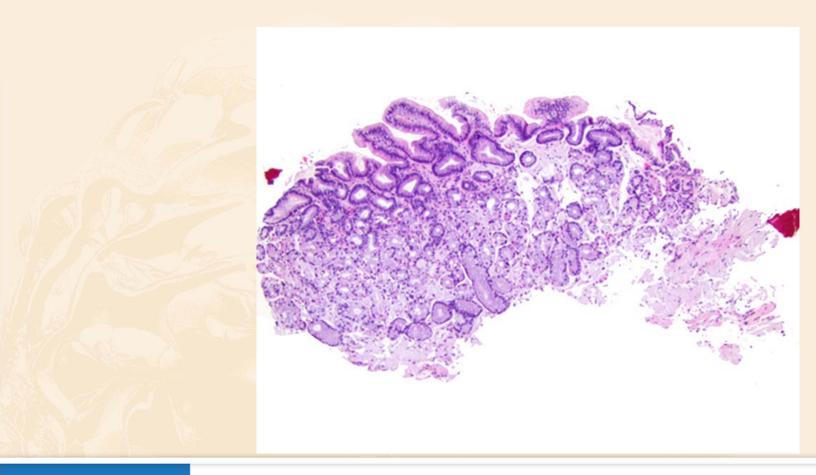


BAS can be Clues to CMV



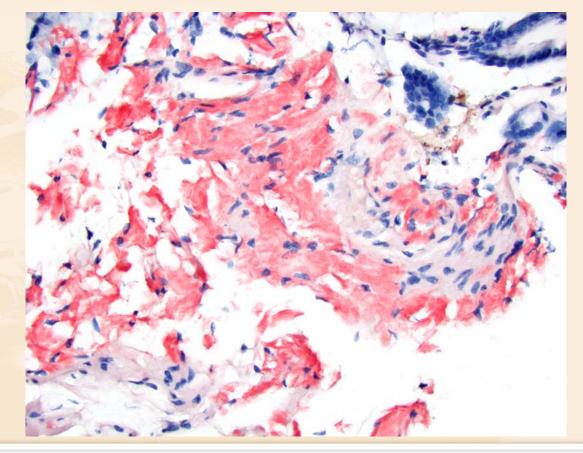






XUSCAP

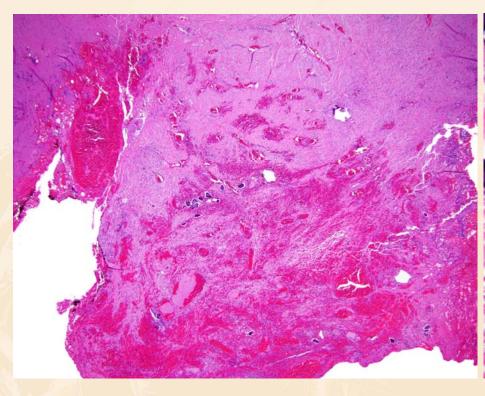
Kayexalate & Sevelamer can be Clues to Amyloid

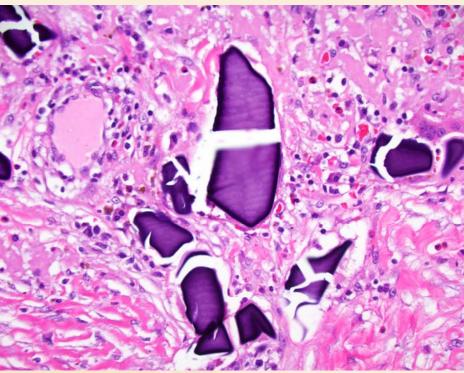






Uncharted Territory: *Kayexalate in Unusual Locations*







General Reporting Approaches:

- Report when present
- Emergently contact the clinician:
 - Kayexalate and Sevelamer with tissue damage
- Specific top-line:
 - Classic morphology, +/- clinical confirmation
- Descriptive top-line:
 - Non-classic morphology without clinical confirmation
 - Strange locations



Reporting Examples: Specific Report

-"Sevelamer resins identified, See note"

Note: In the small series available, Sevelamer was sometimes associated with mucosal injury. (Optional: Dr. Arnold verbally discussed these findings with Dr. X on XX at XXPM.)

Reference:

Swanson BJ, Limketkai BN, Liu TC, Montgomery E, Nazari K, Park JY, Santangelo WC, Torbenson MS, Voltaggio L, Yearsley MM, Arnold CA. Sevelamer crystals in the gastrointestinal tract (GIT): a new entity associated with mucosal injury. Am J Surg Pathol. 2013 Nov;37(11):1686-93.



Reporting Examples: Descriptive Report, I

-"Eosinophilic crystals identified, See note"

Note: No clinical notes are available at time of slide review.

Eosinophilic crystals are seen on H&E. These structures are yellow on AFB and are suggestive of Bile Acid Sequestrants (BAS: Colesevelam (Welchol), Colestipol (Colestid), Cholestyramine (LoCholest, Prevalite, Questran). In the small series available, BAS have no established role in causing mucosal damage.

Reference:

Arnold MA, Swanson BJ, Crowder CD, Frankel WL, Lam-Himlin D, Singhi AD, Stanich PP, Arnold CA. Colesevelam and colestipol: novel medication resins in the gastrointestinal tract. Am J Surg Pathol. 2014 Nov;38(11):1530-7.



Reporting Examples: Descriptive Report, II

-"Basophilic crystals identified within pancreatic pseudocyst, See note"

Note: Scattered basophilic crystals are seen, which are black on AFB and suggestive of Kayexalate. Kayexalate has been associated with tissue damage. Dr. Arnold verbally discussed these findings with Dr. X on XX at XXPM.

References:

- 1. Lillemoe KD, Romolo JL, Hamilton SR, Pennington LR, Burdick JF, Williams GM. Intestinal necrosis due to sodium polystyrene (Kayexalate) in sorbitol enemas: clinical and experimental support for the hypothesis. Surgery. 1987 Mar;101(3):267-72.
- 2. Abraham SC, Bhagavan BS, Lee LA, Rashid A, Wu TT. Upper gastrointestinal tract injury in patients receiving kayexalate (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) in sorbitol: clinical, endoscopic, and histopathologic findings. Am J Surg Pathol. 2001 May;25(5):637-44.
- 3. Rashid A, Hamilton SR. Necrosis of the gastrointestinal tract in uremic patients as a result of sodium polystyrene sulfonate (Kayexalate) in sorbitol: an underrecognized condition. Am J Surg Pathol. 1997 Jan;21(1):60-9.



Summary

- GIT Resins include BAS, Kayexalate, Sevelamer
- 24% had not seen or did not accurately identify resins
- Awareness of dirty little secrets and chart review most helpful
- AFB most helpful special stain
- We are at just at the tip of the iceberg!





PLEASE TURN OFF YOUR CELL PHONES







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